

Today's Agenda

- OCAN and Recovery: An Overview
- OCAN Assessment Process
- OCAN Outcomes and Clinical Benefits
- OCAN Implementation Status
- Q&A

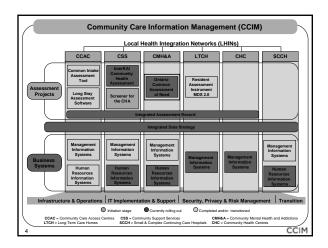
CCII



OCAN and Recovery: An Overview

David Smith,Project Manager, CMH CAP

CCIM (🗑 🚟

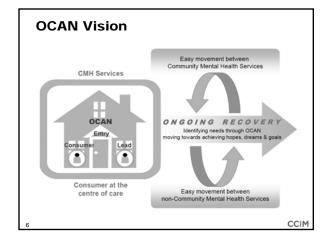


What is OCAN?

Ontario Common Assessment of Need (OCAN) is a standardized, consumer-led decision making tool that allows key information to be electronically gathered in a secure and efficient manner.

- Assists client-led decision-making at an individual level
- Identifies individual needs and helps match these to existing services and identifies service gaps
- Provides aggregate data to inform organizational, regional and provincial level planning and decision making that is consistent with a recovery approach
- Further facilitates inter-agency communication through common data standards





What is recovery?

- A deeply personal, unique process of changing one's attitudes, values, feelings, goals, skills and roles. It is a way of living a satisfying, hopeful and contributing life even with limitations caused by the illness.
- Recovery involves the development of new meaning and purpose in one's life as one grows beyond the catastrophic effects of mental illness.

Anthony WA (1993) Recovery from mental illness: the guiding vision of the mental health service system in the 1990s, Psychosocial Rehabilitation Journal, 16, 11-23.



The Bigger Picture:

Canadian Perspective

Goal 1: The hope of recovery is available to all

- A person-centred mental health system
- Genuine partnership between consumer and service provider
- Hope and expectation that people can achieve a meaningful life in the community

Mental Health Commission of Canada (2009)
Toward recovery and well-being, Calgary, AB: MHCoC.



The Bigger Picture: Ontario Perspective

The system will continue to provide effective, evidence-informed clinical treatments, such as psychiatry, psychotherapy and drug treatment – but will do so within a recovery approach to care, which looks at the whole person and defines individuals positively, focusing on their strengths and goals rather than their illness.

Minister's Advisory Group (2010): Respect, Recovery, Resilience: Recommendations for Ontario's Mental Health and Addictions Strategy, Ontario: Queen's Printer for Ontario.



	•	

Project Overview and Development Phase 1 – Initiation (with stakeholder representation) Analysis of many assessments tools Selection of a core tool – Camberwell Assessment of Need Province-wide consultations to introduce the tool Formation of working groups Phase 2 - Pilot • Piloting of the automated OCAN in 16 CMH organizations · Early learnings gatherings NE LHIN Implementation pilot Phase 3 - Implementation Provincial roll-out • Integration with a changing CMH landscape Powerful reporting to drive enhanced consumer-centered 2012 service and system planning

CAN Tool

- · Consumer identifies unmet needs/serious problems
- Service provider identifies unmet needs
- · Covers a range of life domains
- · Value of both perspectives
- Also identify areas of met need and no need - strengths
- Focus on meeting consumer expressed unmet needs



CCIM (S

CCIM (🗑

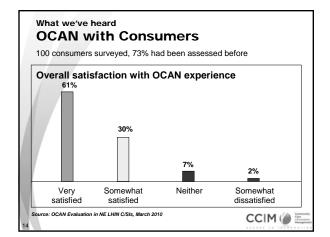
Evidence-based Practice* Research has demonstrated that... Converting unmet needs into met needs improves outcomes **Source: Mike Slade and Tom Trauer, Made in Ontario conference, March 3, 2009 CCIM ©

Empirical Conclusions*

- Meeting consumer-identified unmet need improves outcomes:
 - Well-being
 - Relationship Therapeutic alliance
 - · Satisfaction with services
- Equivalent research into meeting staff-rated unmet need does not show the same benefits
- Agreement between consumer and staff ratings improves outcome; Agreement increases with more stable staff-consumer relationships
- · Reassessment improves mental health outcomes

* Source: Mike Slade, Made in Ontario conference and The Power of Shared Information conference (2009)





What we've heard OCAN with Consumers

 Despite initial uncertainty, consumers have embraced OCAN's holistic, recovery approach

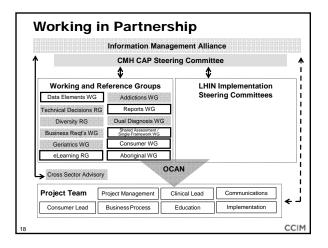
Consumer Feedback (Rated strongly agreed/agreed)	Original Pilot* (July 2008)	NE LHIN Pilot** (March 2010)
Completing the assessment has:		
Helped me have a say in my service plan	66%	65%
Helped me focus on my goals	68%	65%
The assessment was useful for assessing my needs	74%	79%
My answers are helping my worker understand me better	84%	74%

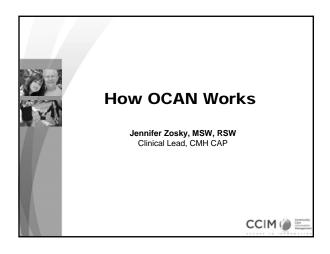
Source: Caislyn Evaluation, August 2008

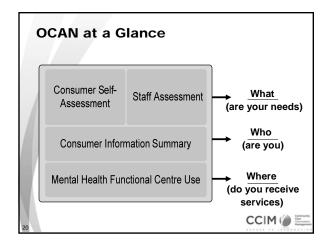
CCIM () E

What we've heard **OCAN** and the Sector OCAN users realize its value in improving assessment practice in Ontario The field is supportive of OCAN, however there is never 100% consensus Pilot Coordinator Feedback (from Pilot, February – July, 2008) Using the assessment helped: 1. Provide staff with an accurate assessment of consumers' 81% needs 2. Identify consumer needs earlier than they might have 56% using previous processes 3. Identify consumer needs that might not have been 56% identified normally rce: Pilot Coordinator Survey, July 2008 CCIM (🗑 🗮

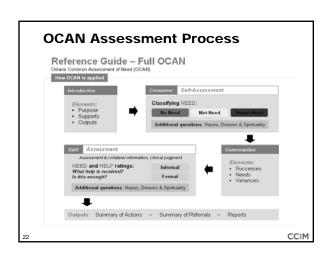
Need-based rather than strength-based Training encourages discussing areas of no need or met needs which can be interpreted as strengths Added question on hopes and dreams One tool – variety of services Support is provided to all CMH services Flexibility in where OCAN fits in assessment process Tool terminology takes time to learn Have definitions in training and communications Multiple language environment Translation process in place; supports in place to share language versions Demand for sharing between service providers as a result of the OCAN common language leads to challenges in understanding the privacy and security issues associated with sharing information Develop of CPF, toolkit, info for consumer and staff, data sharing agreements

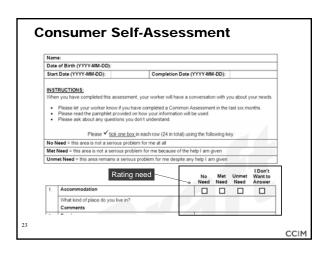




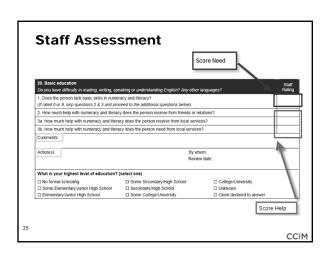


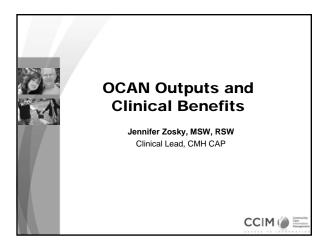
Types of OCAN 2.0 There are three (3) "types" of OCAN: The CORE OCAN consists of the Consumer Information Summary and the Mental Health Functional Consumer Self-Assessment Centre Use Staff Assessment • The CORE + Self OCAN consists of the Consumer Information Summary Consumer Information Summary elements, the Consumer Self-Assessment and the Mental Health Functional Centre Use Mental Health Functional Centre Use • The Full OCAN consists of the Consumer Information Summary, the Consumer Self-Assessment, the Mental Health Functional Centre Use CCIM (🗑 🚟 and the Staff Assessment





Consumer Self-Assessment	
Please write a few sentences to answer the following questions:	
What are your hopes for the future?	
What do you think you need in order to get there?	
How do you view your mental health?	
Is spirituality an important part of your life?	
Is culture (heritage) an important part of your life?	
	CC





OCAN Output: Summary of Referrals

- Provides staff with a place to consistently document referrals and their status
- Documents service gaps (b/w services available and optimal services) for planning

Optimal Referral	Specify	Actual Referral	Specify	Reasons for Difference	Referral Status

OCAN Output: Reports

2 different types and levels:

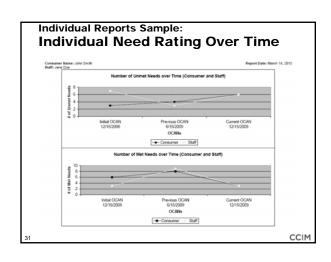
Individual Reports	Standardized Reports
Individual level	System level
 Captures information relating to a specific, identified consumer 	Shows only aggregate information on unidentified consumers
Data resides at HSP organization	Data collected from each HSP organization
Used by consumers, managers and clinicians to support individual recovery	Used by HSPs, LHINs and MOHLTC for service and system planning
Support individual recovery	CCIM (

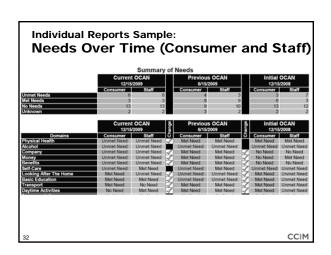
Reassessment and Reporting

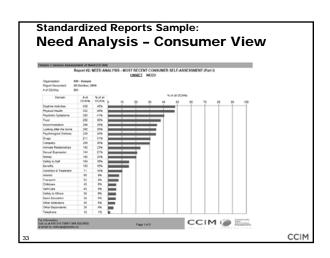
OCAN Reassessment is conducted every 6 months. It is a structured way to:

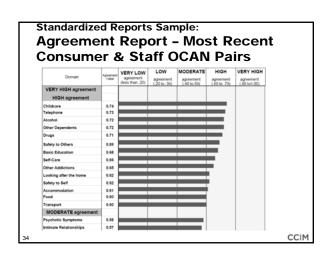
- Provide consumers with a chance to stop and recognize achievements and identify next steps
- Provide staff with the opportunity to demonstrate how they are making a difference over time
- Provide ongoing trending information to support service and system planning

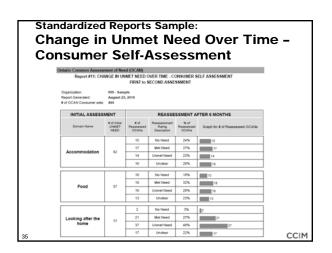
CCIM (🗀











Who	OCAN Element	Indicator	OCAN-inspired Change
CMHA Cochrane New Liskeard Centre	Domain 5: Daytime Activities Domain 15: Company	OCAN reports revealed that the #1 unmet need is around company; further confirmed through OCAN conversations	Extended centre hours to include evenings and weekends
Oak Centre Clubhouse	Domain 15: Company Domain 16: Intimate Relationships	OCAN reports revealed a high score for need around company and intimate relationships; OCAN conversation confirmed members that had lost touch with family and friends were ready to reunite with them	Introduced online social networking sites (e.g., Facebook) to members who were becoming more tech savvy

Using OCAN Information to Support Consumers in Recovery

The need information gathered from the self and staff OCAN assessments can be used to:

- Improve relationships
- Promote well-being
- Review changes in need over time through reassessment, which improves mental health outcomes
- Support social inclusion
- · Assist in service and system planning



